LADDER SAFE WORK PRACTICES

Safe work practice when using a ladder:

- Read and Follow Labels: Follow all labels and markings on the ladder.
- **Avoid Electrical Hazards**: Check for overhead power lines and avoid using metal ladders near electrical equipment.
- Inspect Ladder Before Use: Remove any damaged ladders from service, tag them, and repair or discard as needed.
- **Maintain 3-Point Contact**: Always have two hands and a foot or two feet and a hand on the ladder when climbing.
- Stay Centered and Face Ladder: Keep your body centered and always face the ladder while climbing.
- Use Proper Accessories: Only use ladders and accessories for their intended purposes.
- Keep Ladder Clean: Ensure rungs, steps, and feet are free of slippery materials.
- Avoid Misuse of Step Ladder: Do not use a step ladder as a single ladder or partially closed.
- **Do Not Use Top Rung**: Unless designed for that purpose, avoid using the top rung as a step.
- Place on Stable Surface: Use ladders only on stable, level surfaces unless secured to prevent displacement.
- Avoid Improvised Height: Do not place ladders on boxes, barrels, or unstable items to gain height.
- Do Not Move Ladder While Occupied: Never shift or move a ladder with a person or equipment on it.
- Ensure Proper Ladder Height: Extension ladders should extend at least 3 feet above the elevated surface.
- Set Proper Angle: Position ladder base one-quarter of its working length from the support wall.
- Secure in High-Traffic Areas: Secure ladders in high-traffic areas or use a barricade to prevent displacement.
- Check Extension Locks: Ensure all locks are properly engaged on an extension ladder.
- **Observe Load Rating**: Do not exceed the maximum load rating, including tools and equipment weight.

These practices enhance safety and help prevent ladder-related accidents.