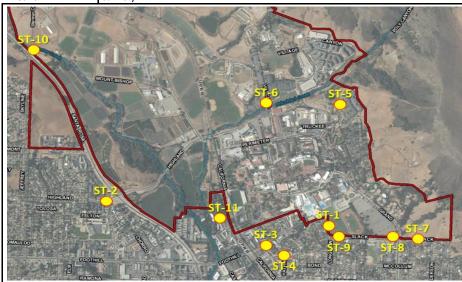
Appendix F

Noise Modeling Results



NOISE MONITORING SURVEY

DATE: 1-Sep-18
PROJECT: Cal Poly MP



Notes: Not to scale. All locations are approximate.

MET CONDITIONS: TEMP: 64-70 F. HUMIDITY: 50-55 % WIND SPEED: 3-6 MPH SKY: Clear GROUND: Dry

NOISE MONITORING EQUIPMENT: LARSON DAVIS MODEL 820, TYPE I SLM

CALIBRATED PRIOR TO AND UPON COMPLETION OF MEASUREMENTS:

MONITORING			NOISE LEVEL					
PERIOD		LOCATION	TIME	L EQ	LMAX			
ST-1	Longview Lane near	Vehicle Traffic	9/27/2018	57.2	78.7			
31-1	Hathway Avenue	verlicle Traffic	1440-1450	57.2	70.7			
			9/27/2018	62.3	78.6			
ST-2	Highland Drive near	Vehicle Traffic	1400-1415		70.0			
	Ferrini Road		9/28/2018	64.5	77.1			
			1715-1730 9/27/2018					
ST-3	Foothill Blvd. near Carpenter Street	Vehicle Traffic		56.4	76.2			
	'		1320-1330					
ST-4	Carpenter Street near Hathway	Vehicle Traffic	9/27/2018	55.3	77.9			
	Avenue		1300-1310					
ST-5	Cerro Vista Circle near Cerro Vista			50	68.4			
31-3	Apartments	VEHICLE FRANC	1520-1530	30	00.4			
ST-6	Via Carta near E	Vehicle Traffic	9/27/2018	54.5	69.1			
51-0	Creek Road	venicie Tranic	1550-1600	54.5	09.1			
ST-7	Slack Street near	Vehicle Traffic	9/27/2018	49.1	64.8			
31-7	Graves Avenue	veriicie Trailic	1630-1640	49.1	04.0			
ST-8	Slack Street near	Vehicle Traffic	9/28/2018	59.7	72.6			
31-0	Grand Avenue	verilcle Traffic	1600-1610	58.7	72.0			
ST-9	Slack Street near	Vehicle Traffic	9/28/2018	56.3	69.3			
01-5			1720-1730	50.5	03.5			
CT 40	Santa Rosa Street	Vahiala Treffia	9/28/2018	CO O	74.0			
151-10	T-10 near Stenner Creek Vehicle Traffic Road		1635-1645	68.9	74.9			
ST-11	Mustang Drive near Mustang Village	PA system, crowd noise, music, stopping on bleachers at Spanos	9/29/2018	57.3	65.4			
	Apartments	Stadium	1600-1630					

YES



Reference Emission

Construction Source Noise Prediction Model

	Distance to Nearest	Combined Predicted		Noise Levels (L _{max}) at 50	Usage
Location	Receptor in feet	Noise Level (L _{eq} dBA)	Equipment	feet ¹	Factor ¹
Threshold	221	75.0	Excavator	85	0.4
Location 1	50	87.9	Dozer	85	0.4
Location 2	100	81.9	Dump Truck	84	0.4
			Front End Loader	80	0.4
			Grader	85	0.4
			Flat Bed Truck	84	0.4
			Ground Type	HARD	

Source Height

Receiver Height

Ground Factor²

Predicted Noise Level ³	L _{eq} dBA at 50 feet ³				
Excavator	81.0				
Dozer	81.0				
Dump Truck	80.0				
Front End Loader	76.0				
Grader	81.0				
Flat Bed Truck	80.0				
Combined Predicted Noise Level (Leq dBA at 50 feet)					

8

5

0.00

87.9

Sources:

 $L_{eq}(equip) = E.L.+10*log (U.F.) - 20*log (D/50) - 10*G*log (D/50)$

Where: E.L. = Emission Level;

U.F.= Usage Factor;

G = Constant that accounts for topography and ground effects (FTA 2006: pg 6-23); and

D = Distance from source to receiver.

¹Obtained from the FHWA Roadway Construction Noise Model, January 2006. Table 1.

² Based on Figure 6-5 from the Federal Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment, 2006 (pg 6-23).

 $^{^{3}}$ Based on the following from the Federal Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment, 2006 (pg 12-3).



Reference Emission

Construction Source Noise Prediction Model

Location	Distance to Nearest Receptor in feet	Combined Predicted Noise Level (L _{eq} dBA)	Equipment	Noise Levels (L _{max}) at 50 feet ¹	Usage Factor ¹
Threshold	350	75.0	Excavator	85	1
Location 1	50	91.9	Dozer	85	1
Location 2	100	85.9	Dump Truck	84	1
			Front End Loader	80	1
			Grader	85	1
			Flat Bed Truck	84	1
			Ground Type	HARD	

Source Height

Receiver Height

Ground Factor²

Predicted Noise Level ³	L _{eq} dBA at 50 feet ³			
Excavator	85.0			
Dozer	85.0			
Dump Truck	84.0			
Front End Loader	80.0			
Grader	85.0			
Flat Bed Truck	84.0			
Combined Predicted Noise Level (Leq dBA at 50 feet)				

8

5

0.00

91.9

Sources:

 $L_{eq}(equip) = E.L.+10*log (U.F.) - 20*log (D/50) - 10*G*log (D/50)$

Where: E.L. = Emission Level;

U.F.= Usage Factor;

G = Constant that accounts for topography and ground effects (FTA 2006: pg 6-23); and

D = Distance from source to receiver.

¹Obtained from the FHWA Roadway Construction Noise Model, January 2006. Table 1.

² Based on Figure 6-5 from the Federal Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment, 2006 (pg 6-23).

 $^{^{3}}$ Based on the following from the Federal Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment, 2006 (pg 12-3).

Equipment Description	Acoustical Usage Factor (%)	Spec 721.560 Lmax @ 50ft (dBA slow)	Actual Measured Lmax @ 50ft (dBA slow)	No. of Actual Data Samples (count)	Spec 721.560 LmaxCalc	Spec 721.560 Leq	Distance	Actual Measured LmaxCalc	Actual Measured Leq
Auger Drill Rig	20	85	84	36	79.0	72.0	100	78.0	71.0
Backhoe	40	80	78	372	74.0	70.0	100	72.0	68.0
Bar Bender	20	80	na	0	74.0	67.0	100		
Blasting Boring Jack Power Unit	na 50	94 80	na 83	0 1	88.0 74.0	71.0	100 100	77.0	74.0
Chain Saw	20	85	84	46	79.0	72.0	100	77.0	74.0
Clam Shovel (dropping)	20	93	87	4	87.0	80.0	100	81.0	74.0
Compactor (ground)	20	80	83	57	74.0	67.0	100	77.0	70.0
Compressor (air)	40	80	78	18	74.0	70.0	100	72.0	68.0
Concrete Batch Plant	15	83	na	0	77.0	68.7	100		
Concrete Mixer Truck	40	85	79	40	79.0	75.0	100	73.0	69.0
Concrete Pump Truck Concrete Saw	20 20	82 90	81 90	30 55	76.0 84.0	69.0 77.0	100 100	75.0 84.0	68.0 77.0
Crane	16	90 85	90 81	405	79.0	77.0	100	75.0	67.0
Dozer	40	85	82	55	79.0	75.0	100	76.0	72.0
Drill Rig Truck	20	84	79	22	78.0	71.0	100	73.0	66.0
Drum Mixer	50	80	80	1	74.0	71.0	100	74.0	71.0
Dump Truck	40	84	76	31	78.0	74.0	100	70.0	66.0
Excavator	40	85	81	170	79.0	75.0	100	75.0	71.0
Flat Bed Truck	40	84	74	4	78.0	74.0	100	68.0	64.0
Front End Loader Generator	40 50	80 82	79 81	96 19	74.0 76.0	70.0 73.0	100 100	73.0 75.0	69.0 72.0
Generator (<25KVA, VMS si		70	73	74	64.0	61.0	100	67.0	64.0
Gradall	40	85	83	70	79.0	75.0	100	77.0	73.0
Grader	40	85	na	0	79.0	75.0	100		
Grapple (on Backhoe)	40	85	87	1	79.0	75.0	100	81.0	77.0
Horizontal Boring Hydr. Jac		80	82	6	74.0	68.0	100	76.0	70.0
Hydra Break Ram	10	90	na	0	84.0	74.0	100	05.0	00.0
Impact Pile Driver	20	95 95	101	11	89.0	82.0	100	95.0	88.0
Jackhammer Man Lift	20 20	85 85	89 75	133 23	79.0 79.0	72.0 72.0	100 100	83.0 69.0	76.0 62.0
Mounted Impact Hammer (90	90	212	84.0	77.0	100	84.0	77.0
Pavement Scarafier	20	85	90	2	79.0	72.0	100	84.0	77.0
Paver	50	85	77	9	79.0	76.0	100	71.0	68.0
Pickup Truck	40	55	75	1	49.0	45.0	100	69.0	65.0
Pneumatic Tools	50	85	85	90	79.0	76.0	100	79.0	76.0
Pumps	50	77	81	17	71.0	68.0	100	75.0	72.0
Refrigerator Unit Rivit Buster/chipping gun	100 20	82 85	73 79	3 19	76.0 79.0	76.0 72.0	100 100	67.0 73.0	67.0 66.0
Rock Drill	20	85	81	3	79.0	72.0	100	75.0 75.0	
Roller	20	85	80	16	79.0	72.0	100	74.0	
Sand Blasting (Single Nozzle		85	96	9	79.0	72.0	100	90.0	
Scraper	40	85	84	12	79.0	75.0	100	78.0	74.0
Shears (on backhoe)	40	85	96	5	79.0	75.0	100	90.0	
Slurry Plant	100	78	78	1	72.0	72.0	100	72.0	
Slurry Trenching Machine	50 50	82	80	75 0	76.0	73.0	100	74.0	71.0
Soil Mix Drill Rig Tractor	50 40	80 84	na na	0 0	74.0 78.0	71.0 74.0	100 100		
Vacuum Excavator (Vac-tru		85	85	149	79.0	75.0	100	79.0	75.0
Vacuum Street Sweeper	10	80	82	19	74.0	64.0	100	76.0	
Ventilation Fan	100	85	79	13	79.0	79.0	100	73.0	
Vibrating Hopper	50	85	87	1	79.0	76.0	100	81.0	
Vibratory Concrete Mixer	20	80	80	1	74.0	67.0	100	74.0	
Vibratory Pile Driver	20	95	101	44	89.0	82.0	100	95.0	
Warning Horn	5	85 73	83	12	79.0	66.0	100	77.0	
Welder / Torch	40	73	74	5	67.0	63.0	100	68.0	64.0

FHWA Roadway Construction Noise Model, January 2006. Table 9.1 U.S. Department of Transportation CA/T Construction Spec. 721.560



Traffic Noise Spreadsheet Calculator

Project:	Cal Poly 2035 Maste	r Plan																
								Input								Output		
	Noise Level Descri Site Condit Traffic I Traffic K-Fa	.ions: Hard nput: ADT				Distance	to											
	ITAIIIC K-F	ictor:				Direction												
	Se	gment Description and Location			Speed	Centerline,			Traffic Di	stribution	Characte	ristics		CNEL,	Dis	stance to Co	ntour, (feet)3
Number		From	То	ADT	(mph)	Near	Far	% Auto	% Medium	% Heavy	% Day	% Eve	% Night	(dBA) _{5.6.7}	70 dBA	65 dBA	60 dBA	55 dBA
#REF!	!													-,,				
1	Santa Rosa Street	North of Highland Drive		30,597	55	50	50	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%	75.1	163	514	1626	5143
2	Santa Rosa Street	South of Foothil Boulevard		33,199	45	50	50	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%	72.9	97	308	975	3083
3	Foothill Boulevard	West of Broad Street		17,070	40	50	50	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%	68.6	36	113	358	1132
4	Chorro Street	South of Foothil Boulevard		5,090	25	50	50	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%	58.4	3	11	35	110
5	Grand	South of Slack		11,281	35	50	50	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%	65.2	16	52	165	520
					35	100	100	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%					
					35	100	100	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%					
					35	100	100	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%					
					35	100	100	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%					
					35	100	100	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%					
					35	100	100	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%					
					35	100	100	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%					
					35	100	100	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%					
					35	100	100	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%					
					35	100	100	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%					
					35	100	100	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%					
					35	100	100	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%					
					35	100	100	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%					
					35	100	100	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%					
					35	100	100	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%					
					35	100	100	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%					
					35	100	100	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%					
					35	100	100	97.0%	2.0%	1.0%	80.0%	15.0%	5.0%					

^{*}All modeling assumes average pavement, level roadways (less than 1.5% grade), constant traffic flow and does not account for shielding of any type or finite roadway adjustments. All levels are reported as A-weighted noise levels.

^{*}Existing average daily traffic volumes obtained from the City of San Luis Obispo traffic data counts (City of



Traffic Noise Spreadsheet Calculator

Noise Level Descriptor: CNEL Site Conditions: Hard Traffic Input: ADT Traffic Input: ADT Traffic Input: ADT Distance to Directional Segment Description and Location Speed Centerline, (feet)4 Traffic Distribution Characteristics CNEL, Distance to Directional Speed Centerline, (feet)4 Traffic Distribution Characteristics CNEL, Distance to Directional Speed Centerline, (feet)4 Traffic Distribution Characteristics CNEL, Distribution Characteristics Distribution Characteristics Distribution Characteristics D	
Site Conditions: Hard Traffic Input: ADT Traffic K-Factor: Distance to Directional Segment Description and Location To ADT (mph) Near For Santa Rosa Street North of Highland Drive Site	Output
Number Name From To ADT (mph) Near Far % Auto % Medium % Heavy % Dis % EV % Night (dBA) _{5,6,7} 70 dBA #REF! 1 Santa Rosa Street North of Highland Drive 31,092 55 50 50 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0% 75.2 165	
Number Name From To ADT (mph) Near Far % Auto % Medium % Heavy % Day % Eve % Night (dBA) _{5,67} 70 dBA #REF! 1 Santa Rosa Street North of Highland Drive 31,092 55 50 50 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0% 75.2 165	stance to Contour, (feet) ₃
#REF! 1 Santa Rosa Street North of Highland Drive 31,092 55 50 50 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0% 75.2 165	65 dBA 60 dBA 55 dBA
1 Santa Rosa Street North of Highland Drive 31,092 55 50 50 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0% 75.2 165	05 UDA 00 UDA 35 UDA
,	523 1653 5226
	322 1018 3221
3 Foothill Boulevard West of Broad Street 17,317 40 50 50 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0% 68.6 36	115 363 1149
4 Chorro Street South of Foothil Boulevard 5,832 25 50 50 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0% 59.0 4	13 40 126
5 Grand South of Slack 13,829 35 50 50 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0% 66.1 20	64 202 638
35 100 100 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0%	
35 100 100 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0%	
35 100 100 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0%	
35 100 100 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0%	
35 100 100 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0%	
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<u>35 100 100 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0%</u>	
35 100 100 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0%	
<u>35 100 100 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0%</u>	
35 100 100 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0%	
<u>35 100 100 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0%</u>	
35 100 100 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0%	
<u>35 100 100 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0%</u>	
35 100 100 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0%	
35 100 100 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0%	
35 100 100 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0%	
35 100 100 97.0% 2.0% 1.0% 80.0% 15.0% 5.0%	

^{*}All modeling assumes average pavement, level roadways (less than 1.5% grade), constant traffic flow and does not account for shielding of any type or finite roadway adjustments. All levels are reported as A-weighted noise levels.

^{*}Project generated average daily traffic volume (i.e., 7,495 trips) obtained from Fehr & Peers (Rubins, Daniel, Traffic engineer. Fehr & Peers, San Jose, CA. September 4, 2019 - email to Chris Mundhenk of Ascent Environmental regarding daily trips of the Cal Poly 2035 Master Plan).

^{*}Trip distribution assumptions based on trip distribution developed by CCTC for the N4 neighborhood development, the Slack/Grand workforce housing development, and local knowledge

Citation # Citations

1	Caltrans Technical Noise Supplement. 2009 (November). Table (5-11), Pg 5-60.	Caltrans Technical Noise Supplement. 2013 (September). Table (4-2), Pg 4-17.
2	Caltrans Technical Noise Supplement. 2009 (November). Equation (5-26), Pg 5-60.	Caltrans Technical Noise Supplement. 2013 (September). Equation (4-5), Pg 4-17.
3	Caltrans Technical Noise Supplement. 2009 (November). Equation (2-16), Pg 2-32.	FHWA 2004 TNM Version 2.5
4	Caltrans Technical Noise Supplement. 2009 (November). Equation (5-11), Pg 5-47, 48.	FHWA 2004 TNM Version 2.5
5	Caltrans Technical Noise Supplement. 2009 (November). Equation (2-26), Pg 2-55, 56.	Caltrans Technical Noise Supplement. 2013 (September). Equation (2-23), Pg 2-51, 52.
6	Caltrans Technical Noise Supplement. 2009 (November). Equation (2-27), Pg 2-57.	Caltrans Technical Noise Supplement. 2013 (September). Equation (2-24), Pg 2-53.
7	Caltrans Technical Noise Supplement. 2009 (November). Pg 2-53.	Caltrans Technical Noise Supplement. 2013 (September). Pg 2-57.
8	Caltrans Technical Noise Supplement. 2009 (November). Equation (5-7), Pg 5-45.	FHWA 2004 TNM Version 2.5
9	Caltrans Technical Noise Supplement. 2009 (November). Equation (5-8), Pg 5-45.	FHWA 2004 TNM Version 2.5
10	Caltrans Technical Noise Supplement. 2009 (November). Equation (5-9), Pg 5-45.	FHWA 2004 TNM Version 2.5
11	Caltrans Technical Noise Supplement. 2009 (November). Equation (5-13), Pg 5-49.	FHWA 2004 TNM Version 2.5
12	Caltrans Technical Noise Supplement. 2009 (November). Equation (5-14), Pg 5-49.	FHWA 2004 TNM Version 2.5
13	Federal Highway Administration Traffic Noise Model Technical Manual. Report No. FHWA	A-PD-96-010. 1998 (January). Equation (16), Pg 67
14	Federal Highway Administration Traffic Noise Model Technical Manual. Report No. FHWA	A-PD-96-010. 1998 (January). Equation (20), Pg 69

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California Department of Transportation (Caltrans). 2013 (September). Technical Noise Supplement. Available: http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/env/noise/pub/TeNS_Sept_2013A.pdf. Accessed August 17, 2017.

Federal Highway Administration. 2004. Traffic Noise Model Version 2.5. Available: https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/noise/traffic noise model/tnm v25/. Accessed August 17, 2017.



Attenuation Calculations for Stationary Noise Sources

KEY: Orange cells are for input.

Grey cells are intermediate calculations performed by the model.

Green cells are data to present in a written analysis (output).

STEP 1: Identify the noise source and enter the reference noise level (dBA and distance).

STEP 2: Select the ground type (hard or soft), and enter the source and receiver heights.

STEP 3: Select the distance to the receiver.

Noise Source/ID	Reference	e Noi	se Level	Attenuation Characteristics				Attenuated Noise Level at Receptor				tor
	noise level		distance	Ground Type	Source	Receiver	Ground		noise leve		distance	
	(dBA)	@	(ft)	(soft/hard)	Height (ft)	Height (ft)	Factor		(dBA)	@	(ft)	
HVAC Lmax	78.0	@	3	hard	12	5	0.00		69.5	@	8	
HVAC Lmax	78.0	@	3	hard	12	5	0.00		64.6	@	14	
HVAC Leq (night)	78.0	@	3	hard	12	5	0.00		45.0	@	134	
HVAC Leq (day)	78.0	@	3	hard	12	5	0.00		50.0	@	75	
							0.66					
Parking Lot Leq	65.0	@	50	hard	12	5	0.00		50.0	@	280	
Parking Lot Leq	65.0	@	50	hard	12	5	0.00		45.0	@	498	
							0.66					
							0.66					
							0.66					
							0.66					
							0.66					
							0.66					

Notes:

Estimates of attenuated noise levels do not account for reductions from intervening barriers, including walls, trees, vegetation, or structures of any type.

Computation of the attenuated noise level is based on the equation presented on pg. 12-3 and 12-4 of FTA 2006.

Computation of the ground factor is based on the equation presentd in Figure 6-23 on pg. 6-23 of FTA 2006, where the distance of the reference noise leve can be adjusted and the usage factor is not applied (i.e., the usage factor is equal to 1).

Sources:

Federal Transit Association (FTA). 2006 (May). Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment. FTA-VA-90-1003-06. Washington, D.C. Available: http://www.fta.dot.gov/documents/FTA_Noise_and_Vibration_Manual.pdf>. Accessed: September 24, 2010.

Distance Propagation Calculations for Stationary Sources of Ground Vibration



KEY: Orange cells are for input.

Grey cells are intermediate calculations performed by the model.

Green cells are data to present in a written analysis (output).

STEP 1: Determine units in which to perform calculation.

- If vibration decibels (VdB), then use Table A and proceed to Steps 2A and 3A.
- If peak particle velocity (PPV), then use Table B and proceed to Steps 2B and 3B.

STEP 2A: Identify the vibration source and enter the reference vibration level (VdB) and distance.

Table A. Propagation of vibration decibels (VdB) with distance

Noise Source/ID	Reference Noise Level						
	vibration level	distance					
	(VdB)	@	(ft)				
Impact pile driver	112	@	25				
Sonic pile driver	105	@	25				

STEP 3A: Select the distance to the receiver.

Attenuated Noise Level at Receptor								
vibration level	vibration level							
(VdB)	@	(ft)						
80.0	@	292						
80.0	@	170						

STEP 2B: Identify the vibration source and enter the reference peak particle velocity (PPV) and distance.

Table B. Propagation of peak particle velocity (PPV) with distance

Noise Source/ID	Reference Noise Level		
	vibration level		distance
	(PPV)	@	(ft)
Impact pile driver	1.518	@	25
Sonic pile driver	0.734	@	25

STEP 3B: Select the distance to the receiver.

Attenuated Noise Level at Receptor				
vibration level		distance		
(PPV)	@	(ft)		
0.251	@	83		
0.252	@	51		

Notes:

Computation of propagated vibration levels is based on the equations presented on pg. 12-11 of FTA 2006. Estimates of attenuated vibration levels do not account for reductions from intervening underground barriers or other underground structures of any type, or changes in soil type.

Sources:

Federal Transit Association (FTA). 2006 (May). Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment. FTA-VA-90-1003-06. Washington, D.C. Available: http://www.fta.dot.gov/documents/FTA_Noise_and_Vibration_Manual.pdf>. Accessed: September 24, 2010.